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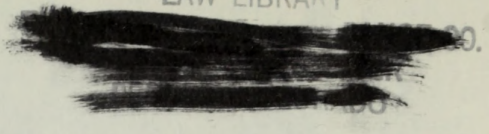

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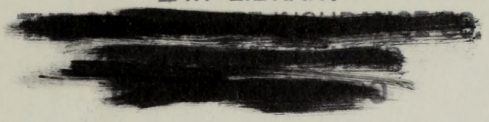

Wm E. Hutton

LAWS

PASSED AT THE

Extraordinary Session

OF THE

Nineteenth General Assembly

OF THE

State of Colorado

CONVENED AT DENVER
THE FOURTH DAY OF MAY, A. D. 1914

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY

LAW OFFICE
WM. E. HUTTON
DENVER, COLO.

DENVER, COLORADO
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1914

Entered according to Act of Congress, in the year 1914.

BY JAMES B. PEARCE,

Secretary of State, for the use of the State of Colorado, in the office of the Librarian of Congress, Washington, D. C.

CERTIFICATE.

STATE OF COLORADO, }
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE, } ss.

I, JAMES B. PEARCE, Secretary of State of the State of Colorado, do hereby certify that by virtue of the authority vested in me by law, I have prepared for publication, and caused to be printed, a copy of all laws and resolutions passed by the Nineteenth General Assembly of the State of Colorado, at the Extraordinary session thereof; that I have caused to be compared the said printed laws and resolutions with the original manuscripts thereof now on file in my office, and that the following are true, full and correct copies thereof.

(Seal.) *In testimony whereof*, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed the Great Seal of the State of Colorado.

Done at Denver, Colorado, this fifteenth day of June, A. D. 1914.

JAMES B. PEARCE,
Secretary of State.

STATE OFFICERS

AND

Members of the Extraordinary Session

OF THE

Nineteenth General Assembly

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.

Elias M. Ammons	Governor	Denver
Claude W. Fairchild	Secretary	Denver
Stephen R. Fitzgarrald	Lieutenant Governor	Denver
James B. Pearce	Secretary of State	Denver
Thomas F. Dillon, Jr	Deputy Secretary of State	Denver
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Roady Kenehan	Auditor of State	Denver
N. A. Ballou	Deputy Auditor of State	Denver
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Norton Montgomery	Assistant Attorney General	Denver
Wendell Stephens	Assistant Attorney General	Denver
Clement F. Crowley	Assistant Attorney General	Denver
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Charles A. Goodfriend, Sergeant-at-Arms	Leadville

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J. H. Slattery, Speaker	Silverton
R. P. Rubin, Chief Clerk	Salida
Joseph Hurd, Sergeant-at-Arms	Lafayette

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Adams, William H. (24th) ..... Alamosa
Affolter, Edward (5th) ..... Louisville
Barela, Casimiro (4th) ..... Trinidad
Bellesfield, Sherman S. (27th) (resigned) ..... Pueblo
Berry, Joseph H. (1st) ..... Denver
Blakey, Austin (6th) ..... Leadville
Burris, Samuel J. (2nd) ..... Pueblo
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Cornforth, Arthur (28th) ..... Colorado Springs
Cross, John A. (10th) ..... Loveland
Garman, Harvey E. (1st) ..... Denver
Hayden, Charles (14th) ..... Walsenburg
Hecker, John (1st) ..... Denver
Hilts, Hiram E. (12th) ..... Denver
Iles, Thos. H. (13th) ..... Axial
Joyce, John T. (18th) ..... Silverton
Lines, Matt N. (9th) ..... Canon City
MacArthur, John (15th) ..... Monte Vista
Metz, William J. (29th) ..... Pueblo
Morris, Reuben J. (1st) ..... Denver
Napier, B. T. (21st) ..... Glenwood Springs
Parrish, Amos N. (25th) ..... Lamar
Pearson, John F. (11th) ..... Pitkin
Reynolds, Hubert (7th) (resigned) ..... Greeley
Robinson, Helen R. (1st) ..... Denver
Robinson, William C. (3d) ..... Colorado Springs
Sharpley, William H. (1st) ..... Denver
Stephan, George (16th) ..... Delta
Tierney, John I. (22d) ..... Denver
Tobin, John J. (17th) ..... Montrose
Tucker, Ralph W. (20th) ..... Salida
Van Tilborg, L. A. (30th) ..... Cripple Creek
Weiland, Francis M. (23d) ..... Fowler
West, George E. (19th) ..... Durango
Williams, Leroy J. (26th) ..... Central City

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Ardourel, Alphonse P.....Boulder
Ashton, George M.....Pueblo
Bennett, H. W.....Douglas
Biles, John A.....Hinsdale and Mineral
Boyle, W. W.....Las Animas
Cantu, J. C.....Conejos
Carrig, John C.....Lake
Cunningham, J. M.....Larimer
Dailey, Charles, Sr.....Pitkin
Elmore, W. R.....Archuleta and Conejos
Ferguson, John .....Teller
Finch, Clarence O.....Morgan, Logan, Washington and Sedgwick
Fincher, Siewers.....Grand, Summit and Jackson
Frazzini, Prospero .....Denver
Gallup, Hallett .....Pueblo
Gates, Pearl B.....Montezuma and Dolores
Gates, George W.....Rio Grande
Gilbert, William C.....Chaffee and Fremont
Goss, John W.....Boulder
Hasty, John S.....Prowers and Baca
Hawkins, Carroll C.....Delta
Hicks, John A.....Weld
Howells, Thomas M.....Fremont
Humason, W. S.....Gunnison
Kavanaugh, John T.....El Paso
Kennedy, Erlo E.....Eagle
Knuth, H. F.....Custer
Lee, Frances S.....Denver
Leftwich, Charles J.....Pueblo
Lewis, George .....Teller
McCarty, Phillip .....Denver
McDonald, Patrick T.....Pueblo
Mann, Horace .....Garfield
Mayer, John.....Las Animas
Mitchell, Martin H.....Denver
Newton, Avery C.....Mesa
Norvell, Robert E.....Rio Blanco, Routt, Moffat
Old, John W.....Clear Creek
Packer, S. W.....Park
Persons, Warren M.....El Paso

Philbin, W. L. ..... Chaffee
Philp, Chas. T. ..... Weld
Richards, Chas. O. ..... Gilpin
Riddle, Agnes L. ..... Adams, Arapahoe, Elbert
Rowan, W. W. ..... Ouray
Schaefer, Peter C. ..... Denver
Simpson, Melville M. ..... Bent and Kiowa
Skinner, O. C. ..... Montrose
Slattery, J. H. ..... San Juan
Smedley, Chester E. ..... Denver
Smith, Wilber F. ..... Jefferson
Sweet, Benjamin A. ..... Denver
Tait, Felix B. ..... Denver
Thomas, Thos. E ..... El Paso
Turnbull, Peter B. ..... Lake
Valdez, Antonio D. ..... Costilla and Huerfano
Vogt, Louis ..... Lincoln, Phillips, Yuma, Kit Carson and Cheyenne
Weaver, George ..... La Plata
Werner, M. Ed ..... Saguache
West, Orlando W. ..... Otero and Crowley
Williams, John R. ..... Denver
Woods, Albert T. ..... San Miguel
Wright, Wm. D., Jr. ..... Denver
Young, Emery R. ..... Teller

PROCLAMATION CALLING SPECIAL SESSION.

Whereas, In the judgment of the Governor of the State of Colorado, the present is one of the extraordinary occasions required in the Constitution of the State for the calling of special sessions of the General Assembly,

Now, Therefore, I, Elias M. Ammons, Governor of the State of Colorado, do by this proclamation convene the Nineteenth General Assembly of said State and hereby summon the members thereof to meet in special session at the Capitol, in the City of Denver, in the State of Colorado, on Monday, the 4th day of May, A. D. 1914, at twelve o'clock noon.

The purposes for which it is to assemble are specially named by me in this proclamation as follows:

First—To provide for paying, either by the issuance of bonds, special tax levy or otherwise, the expenses which have been or shall be incurred in restoring and preserving peace and good order, and in suppressing insurrection with the aid of the National Guard of Colorado, during the coal miners' strike of 1913 and 1914, and to pay all expenses of the State incident thereto.

Second—To enact a law submitting to the people of the State an amendment to the Constitution to empower the Legislature to enact laws for arbitration in all labor disputes and to provide for the enforcement of the decisions of the arbitration board.

Third—To enact a law establishing a State Constabulary or State peace officers, and defining their powers and duties.

Fourth—To enact a law or laws authorizing the Governor and other proper officers in times of internal disorder, to close saloons and otherwise to regulate or prohibit the sale, gift, purchase and use of intoxicating

liquors in any specified district, where, in his judgment, it is necessary, for the public good, so to do.

Fifth—To enact a law or laws authorizing the Governor, in times of internal disorder, to regulate or prohibit the sale, gift and purchase of firearms and ammunition, and the carrying thereof, except by authorized persons.

Sixth—To appropriate the sum necessary to defray the expenses of the special session hereby called.

In Witness, Whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the great Seal of State to be affixed hereto at Denver, Colorado, this twenty-fifth day of April, A. D. 1914.

ELIAS M. AMMONS,
Governor.

Attest:

JAMES B. PEARCE,
(Seal) Secretary of State.

CHAPTER 1.

APPROPRIATION.

EXPENSES OF SPECIAL SESSION.

(H. B. No. 8, by Messrs. Wright, Andrew and Simpson.)

AN ACT

TO PROVIDE FOR THE ORDINARY AND CONTINGENT EXPENSES OF THE SPECIAL SESSION OF THE NINETEENTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

Be It Enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado:

Section 1. That for the per diem and actual and necessary traveling expenses of the members and for the per diem of the officers, clerks, sergeants-at-arms, chaplains, pages, janitors and other employes of the Nineteenth General Assembly, at the Special Session thereof, for the printing required by the Nineteenth General Assembly at said Special Session thereof, including House and Senate bills, calenders, roll-calls, reports, engrossing blanks, session laws, House and Senate journals, and all other necessary printing, and for all other expenses of said Special Session of the Nineteenth General Assembly, or any committee thereof, there is hereby appropriated out of the General Fund, in addition to the sums appropriated in House Bill No. 741 of the regular session of said Nineteenth General Assembly, the sum of thirty-five hundred dollars ($3,500) or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Per diem and traveling expenses.

For printing, etc. House and Senate Journals.

Appropriation.

Section 2. In the opinion of the General Assembly an emergency exists; therefore this act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Emergency clause.

Approved, May 16—1914, at 11:22 o'clock A. M.

CHAPTER 2.

FIREARMS AND AMMUNITION.

REGULATION BY GOVERNOR'S PROCLAMATION.

(H. B. No. 4, by Messrs. Sweet, Norvell, Hicks and Senator Hayden.)

AN ACT

IN RELATION TO FIRE ARMS AND AMMUNITION.

Be It Enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado:

When Governor finds riot, insurrection or invasion, may so declare by proclamation.

Section 1. Whenever in the opinion of the Governor a condition of riot, insurrection or invasion exists in this state, or in any county or counties, city or cities, town or towns, district or districts in this state, he shall have the right to declare the state or any such county or counties, city or cities, town or towns, district or districts, to be in a state of riot, or insurrection, or invasion, by proclamation, and to prohibit the purchase, manufacture for sale or use, receiving, carrying or use, or the selling, giving away, transportation, or otherwise disposing of, or the permitting of others to obtain possession of, any fire arms or ammunition in the places covered by said proclamation or in any other portion of the state designated by him during the time that said proclamation remains in force.

Prohibiting use, disposition, etc., of firearms and ammunition.

What acts forbidden.

Section 2. If the governor shall at any time issue his proclamation as provided in section one of this act, declaring the state, or any county or counties, city or cities, town or towns, district or districts within the state to be in a state of riot, or insurrection, or invasion, it shall be unlawful while said proclamation is in force, for any person, firm or corporation within the territory covered by said proclamation to purchase, manufacture for sale or use, receive, transport, carry or use, any fire

arm or ammunition, or to sell, give away, or otherwise dispose of, or permit others to obtain possession of any fire arm or ammunition, without a written permit from the Governor or his regularly authorized representative, first had and obtained, and no such permit shall be issued by the Governor or such representative unless and until the person so desiring such permit shall satisfy the Governor or such representative that the same is to be used in defense of his home, person or property; Provided, that this section shall not apply to legally authorized peace officers, or sheriffs, designated by the Governor or such representative, or members of the National Guard of Colorado. And provided further that no permit shall be issued to allow the purchase, manufacture for sale or use, receipt, use, transportation or disposing of fire arms or ammunition by anyone not a citizen of the United States or to anyone who has not been a resident of the State of Colorado for more than one year prior to the issuance of the proclamation mentioned in Section 1 hereof.

Right to bear arms under written permit.

To whom permit may be issued.

Who is exempt.

Must be U. S. citizens and also residents of Colorado more than one year.

Section 3. Nothing in this act shall be construed so as to call in question the right of any person to keep and bear arms in the defense of his home, person, or property, or in aid of the civil power when thereto legally summoned.

Constitutional rights preserved.

Section 4. Any person, firm or corporation violating the provisions of section two hereof, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be fined in a sum not less than one hundred dollars and not exceeding one thousand dollars, or imprisoned in the county jail not exceeding one year, or both such fine and imprisonment.

Penalty.

Section 5. In the opinion of the General Assembly this act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health and safety.

Safety clause.

Approved: May—16—1914 at 2:45 o'clock P. M.

CHAPTER 3.

FUNDING BONDS.

"INSURRECTION BONDS, SERIES 1914."

(H. B. No. 1, by Messrs. Simpson, Vogt, Goss and Smith.)

AN ACT

TO PROVIDE A BOND ISSUE FOR THE PURPOSE OF PAYING THE EXPENSES HERETOFORE INCURRED AND WHICH MAY HEREAFTER BE INCURRED IN SUPPRESSING INSURRECTION AND DEFENDING THE STATE.

Be It Enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado:

Governor, Treasurer, Secretary of State, authorized to issue bonds. Amount.

Section 1. The Governor, the Treasurer, and the Secretary of State of the State of Colorado are hereby authorized and instructed to issue the negotiable coupon bonds of the State of Colorado in the sum of One Million Dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary as hereinafter set forth for the purpose of paying the expenses incurred in suppressing insurrection and defending the State during the years 1913 and 1914, and for the purpose of paying any expenses that may hereafter be incurred in suppressing insurrection in the state, the said bonds to be issued in denominations as follows: two thousand shall be of the denomination of one hundred dollars ($100.00) each, and to be numbered from one (1) to two thousand (2,000) both inclusive; eight hundred shall be of the denomination of five hundred dollars ($500.00) each, and to be numbered from two thousand one (2,001) to two thousand eight hundred (2,800) both inclusive; and four hundred (400) shall be of the denomination of one thousand dollars ($1,000.00) each, and to be numbered from two thousand eight hundred one (2,801) to three thousand two hundred (3,200), both inclusive. Said bonds shall

To pay expenses in suppressing insurrection and defending the State.

Denomination of bonds.

Rate of interest.

bear interest at the rate of four (4) per centum per annum, the interest to be evidenced by coupons attached to such bonds, payable semi-annually at the office of the State Treasurer of the State of Colorado, or at such banking house in the city of New York as the Treasurer may designate. The principal of said bonds shall be due and payable in thirty (30) years from the date of their issue at the office of the State Treasurer of the State of Colorado with the option of redemption by the State Treasurer at par and accrued interest in the order of their number at any time after twenty (20) years from the date of their issue, and when after such twenty (20) years there are funds in the hands of the Treasurer available for the redemption of a sufficient number of said bonds to render it advisable, he shall give notice of the bonds, designating them by number, which he will redeem and pay, by publication in a newspaper of general circulation published at the seat of government, for a period of at least two weeks. At the expiration of thirty (30) days from the date of the last insertion of said publication, interest on the bonds so named as being payable shall cease.

Interest payable at office of State Treasurer or in New York.

Principal payable in 30 years with option of redemption after 20 years.

Notice of redemption.

Publish in newspaper of general circulation.

Interest to cease after 30 days from publication.

The bonds shall be registered in the office of the Auditor of State, and his certificate of such registry attested by the seal of his office attached to each bond, shall be evidence of their legal issue.

Registration by Auditor of State.

Section 2. Bonds issued under this act shall be known as "insurrection bonds, series 1914," and shall be signed by the Governor, countersigned by the State Treasurer, and attested by the Secretary of State, who shall affix the great seal of the State to each bond; the coupons attached to such bonds shall bear the lithographed signature of the State Treasurer. The bonds shall be entered and registered in a book kept for that purpose by the State Treasurer in the order in which they are issued. All bonds shall be negotiable in form, payable to bearer, and each bond shall state upon its face the amount for which it is issued, for what purpose issued, the date of its issue, and the title of this act, together with the section and article of the Constitution authorizing this act, and the title and text of this act shall be printed upon the reverse side of each bond. Only so many of said bonds shall be issued as may be necessary to pay the indebtedness herein mentioned, together with the in-

"Insurrection Bonds, Series 1914."

Signed by Governor and State Treasurer; attested by Secretary of State.

Seal.

Registration by State Treasurer.

Bonds negotiable.

Limitation on issue.

terest which may have accrued upon such indebtedness and the necessary expense of printing and preparing said bonds, and for the payment of the coupons representing the first year's interest on the bonds issued, and the proceeds of said bonds is hereby appropriated for the payment thereof. Said bonds and the interest thereon shall be payable in gold coin of the United States of the present standard value.

Bonds and interest payable in gold coin.

Annual tax levy to pay interest.

Section 3. Whenever any bonds are issued as provided in this act there shall be levied annually a special tax upon all taxable property of this State sufficient in amount to meet the semi-annual interest accruing upon said bonds, which tax when collected shall be paid into the State Treasury to the credit of the interest fund. And for the ultimate redemption of said bonds there shall be levied annually for ten (10) years after nineteen (19) years from the date of their issue a tax upon the taxable property of the State sufficient to create an annual fund equal to ten (10) per centum of the whole amount of the bonds, which shall be called "insurrection bonds, series 1914, sinking fund." All taxes for interest and for the redemption of such bonds shall be levied and collected as other State taxes, and shall be paid into the State Treasury in cash only, the proceeds thereof shall be kept by the State Treasurer as a special and distinct fund to be used in the payment of interest on and redemption of said bonds, or for their purchase, as hereinafter provided, and for no other purpose, whatever; Provided, That whenever a surplus remains to the credit of the interest fund after the full payment of the interest maturing in any year, the State Treasurer shall cause such surplus to be transferred to the credit of the "insurrection bonds, series 1914, sinking fund." All moneys belonging to the said sinking fund so accruing shall be used by the State Treasurer in the payment of or purchase at not to exceed par and accrued interest of any bonds issued under this act.

Annual levy after 19 years for redemption of bonds.

Levy to be collected as other State taxes.

Special and distinct fund.

Surplus in interest fund to be transferred to credit of sinking fund.

Sinking fund to be used to redeem and purchase bonds.

Section 4. The Treasurer shall include in his biennial report a statement of the taxes collected in pursuance of this act, the amount paid; also, the amount, if any, carried in the sinking fund, and how invested. When any of the bonds are redeemed or purchased under this act, it shall be the duty of the Treasurer to cancel the same so that they can be plainly identified, and cause a

Treasurer to report biennially on taxes collected hereunder.

Treasurer to cancel bonds purchased.

record of such cancellation to be made in the registry books of both the State Treasurer and State Auditor, and they shall be kept on file in the State Treasurer's office, and any such purchase and cancellation shall also appear in said biennial statement of the Treasurer.

Treasurer to sell bonds to pay for preparing bonds and first year's interest.

Section 5. For the payment of the necessary expense of printing and preparing said bonds and the payment of the coupons representing the first year's interest on the bonds issued under this act, the State Treasurer is hereby authorized and directed to sell sufficient of said bonds to pay said expense and interest.

Governor and Attorney General to prescribe form of bonds.

Section 6. The Governor and Attorney General are authorized to prescribe the form of the bonds to be issued under this act and the coupons attached thereto, subject to the provisions contained in section one (1) and two (2) of this act, and when said issue is made as herein provided, the Treasurer is authorized to dispose of the same for cash at not less than par and accrued interest, and deposit the proceeds thereof in the treasury to the credit of the "defense fund, insurrection bonds, series 1914," said fund to be used in the payment at face value and accrued interest of the indebtedness hereinbefore referred to, including certificates of indebtedness, resulting from the expenses of suppressing said insurrection and for expenses that may hereafter be incurred in suppressing insurrection, after the same shall have been properly audited.

Treasurer to sell bonds and deposit proceeds.

Paying face of indebtedness and accrued interest.

Auditing Board must pass on all indebtedness.

Section 7. That no account, warrant, certificate, certificate of indebtedness, or other evidence of indebtedness shall be funded or paid under the provisions of this act, nor shall any claim for any services rendered or any supplies or other property furnished to or taken by the State, be paid, until the same shall be audited and allowed by an auditing board, and the Governor, Secretary of State, Auditor of State, State Treasurer and Attorney General are hereby constituted such auditing board. And such auditing board is authorized and directed to examine all original accounts and vouchers and determine whether the same are a proper charge against the State of Colorado, and to refuse to allow the same if in the judgment of such board they are not such proper charge, and the determination of such auditing board shall be final as to the legality of any account, warrant, certificate, certifi-

State officers to constitute Auditing Board.

Board to determine proper charges.

Shall refuse to allow improper charges.

Determination of Board is final.

cates of indebtedness, or other evidence of indebtedness and as to the legality of any claim against the State for services or otherwise.

Bonds not subject to taxation.

Section 8. Bonds issued under this act shall never be subject to taxation in this State, and when issued as herein provided, the Treasurer, with the approval of the auditing board, is hereby authorized to exchange said bonds or so many thereof as may be necessary at par and accrued interest, for indebtedness at face value and accrued interest as herein above provided.

Treasurer may exchange bonds for indebtedness.

Act not repealable.

Section 9. This act shall not be revised, amended or repealed until the total amount of indebtedness herein provided for is wholly paid and discharged.

Safety clause.

Section 10. In the opinion of the General Assembly this act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health and safety.

Emergency clause.

Section 11. In the opinion of the General Assembly an emergency exists; therefore, this act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved, May 16, 1914 at 2:35 o'clock P. M.

CHAPTER 4.

INTOXICATING LIQUORS.

REGULATION BY GOVERNOR'S PROCLAMATION.

(S. B. No. 2, by Senator Tobin, Mrs. Lee, Mrs. Riddle, Mr. Young, Mr. Ardourel.)

AN ACT

IN RELATION TO INTOXICATING LIQUORS.

Be It Enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado:

When governor finds riot, insurrection or invasion, may so declare by proclamation.

Section 1. Whenever in the opinion of the Governor, a condition of riot, insurrection or invasion exists in this State, or in any county or counties, city or cities, town or towns, district or districts in this State, he is hereby authorized by proclamation to declare the State or such county or counties, city or cities, town or towns, district or districts to be in a state of riot or insurrection or invasion, and to order all places where intoxicating liquors are sold or kept for sale, to be closed, and all persons to be excluded therefrom, and to prohibit the purchase or receiving or the selling, giving away or otherwise disposing of, or permitting of others to obtain possession of, any intoxicating liquors of any kind or in any quantity in the territory covered by said proclamation during the time that said proclamation remains in force.

Closing saloons, etc.

Prohibiting sale of liquor.

What acts forbidden.

Section 2. During the time that any such proclamation as is mentioned in Section 1 hereof shall remain in force, it shall be unlawful for the proprietor, manager or person having custody or control of any place where intoxicating liquors are sold or kept for sale, to permit such place to be open or to permit any person therein, or for any person, firm or corporation within the territory affected by said proclamation to purchase or receive, or

to sell, give away, or otherwise dispose of, or to permit others to obtain possession of, any intoxicating liquor of any kind or in any quantity.

License shall stand suspended.

Section 3. During the time that any such proclamation mentioned in Section 1 hereof shall remain in force, the operation of any license granted by any county, city, town, or district in this State, to any person, firm or corporation, whose place has been ordered closed, shall stand suspended and be inoperative, but the term of such license of all places of business that are so closed for more than one week may be extended by the authority granting the same so that the licensee thereunder shall be permitted to operate the full time of the original term of such license. Nothing herein shall be construed as interferring with the operation of the prohibition or local option laws of the State.

License may be extended by issuing power.

Local option laws not affected.

Penalty by fine and imprisonment.

Section 4. Any person, firm or corporation, violating any of the provisions of Section 2 hereof shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be fined in a sum not less than One Hundred Dollars and not exceeding One Thousand Dollars or imprisoned in the county jail not exceeding one year, or shall suffer both such fine and imprisonment; and each and every license for the sale of intoxicating liquors granted by any town, city, county, city and county, or the State, held by any and all persons, firms or corporations so convicted shall be immediately and automatically cancelled and for naught held.

Forfeiture of license.

Local officers must enforce proclamation.

Section 5. Upon the issuance of such proclamation, it shall be the duty of all sheriffs, mayors of cities and towns, marshalls and chiefs of police, to cause all places within the territory covered by such proclamation where intoxicating liquors are sold or kept for sale, to be closed forthwith, and to remain closed and all persons excluded therefrom during the time that such proclamation shall remain in force. Each of said officers is hereby authorized and empowered to use such force as may be necessary and to call to his assistance any person or persons for the purpose of compelling compliance with the provisions of this Act.

May use and summon necessary force.

Safety clause.

Section 6. In the opinion of the General Assembly this Act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health and safety.

Section 7. In the opinion of the General Assembly an emergency exists; therefore, this Act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage. Emergency clause.

Approved.

J. H. SLATTERY,
Speaker of the House.

STEPHEN R. FITZGARRALD,
President of the Senate.

ELIAS M. AMMONS,
Governor of the State of Colorado.

RESOLUTIONS

SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 6.

INVESTIGATION OF COAL STRIKE—MEDIATION.

(By Senators Napier and Van Tilborg.)

WHEREAS, By reason of the vast amount of rich coal lands in the State of Colorado (large areas of which are owned by the State), great companies and corporations employ thousands of men in the mining of coal, and in the carrying on of said coal mining by the various large combinations and corporations, many long and disastrous strikes have heretofore existed within the State, by reason of which many lives have been sacrificed and vast destruction of property has occurred; and

WHEREAS, Under present economic and labor conditions such great strikes, with their consequent loss of life and property, are liable to continue to occur, thus making it a question of grave public concern, requiring most intelligent enactment of effective laws in order to meet and alleviate, if not wholly avoid, such strikes; and

WHEREAS, By reason of constitutional limitations at this time, as to the laws this legislature may consider and enact, it cannot enact all the laws necessary to relieve the troubles associated with said strikes, that it might deem necessary and proper to enact; therefore, be it

RESOLVED, That a joint committee of six members, three selected by the Senate and three by the House, said members to be selected by the body of each house, shall be appointed and directed to confer and advise with the Governor and other executive officers of the State to the end that the legislative department may render all assistance in its power to the executive department in the enforcement of law and the maintenance of order, and to consider ways and means of restoring and maintaining peace and good order throughout the State; and to investigate and make report at the next session of the legislature upon the following matters and subjects:

I.

(a) Whether or not the coal companies now engaged in the existing strike have observed the statute law of the

State as to check weighman, the trading by workmen at company's stores, non-discrimination in the employment of miners and others by reason of connection with labor unions, and all other matters of which the striking miners have complained and urged.

(b) As to wages paid by said companies to their miners and others, including the rates paid for mining coal. Whether the laws of this State have been observed to conserve the health of the miners and their personal safety, and the conditions generally under which miners may have been forced to work, and of their living.

II.

(a) The amount of coal lands owned by the State, and particularly the amount so owned and under lease to the companies in which the recent strike troubles have existed.

(b) The amount of State coal lands now being operated under lease from the State and the royalties paid therefor.

(c) The terms generally upon which said leases are given, and whether lessees are required to work such mines with reference to the health and safety to the miners, as is provided by law, and as to the economical mining of coal on such State lands.

(d) Whether or not the legislature may under the law as it now exists, fix in such leases the prices at which lessees must sell the coal they mine from State land, and also fix in said leases the working terms and conditions under which such leased lands shall be worked.

(d2) To report whose duty it is to see to the enforcement of the laws described above and whether or not such officer or officers has performed his duty in that respect.

(e) Whether the State may lawfully work coal lands owned by the State and sell the coal mined therefrom in competition with coal mined from privately-owned mines. Whether or not the lessees of State coal lands, particularly those in the counties of Las Animas, Huerfano and Weld have in the operating of their leased mines been observing the terms and conditions of the leases under which they have worked, and if they have violated such terms and conditions, in what respect, and

when it is that the leases of such mines terminate by their terms.

III.

(a) What the causes were that led to the present existing strike.

(b) The facts as to the oft-repeated charges that the mine operators employed hundreds of professional gunmen and rented and purchased vast stores of arms and ammunition and freely used the same. Whether such employment, purchase and use was lawful, and whether, if lawful, any were used for unlawful purposes.

(c) The number of lives lost in the said strike and the amount and value of property destroyed and particularly to inquire into the tragedy at Ludlow, Colorado, in which, besides men, two women and eleven children lost their lives.

(d) Whether or not guards or gunmen who had been employed by the operators during the strike were enlisted in the National Guards and took part in the tragedy at Ludlow and whether and to what extent they were connected with or responsible for the deaths of the aforesaid women and children.

IV.

(a) What efforts were made by the Governor or other persons to bring the representatives of miners and operators together for a conference before the troops were called into the field; and whether it was communicated to said operators by the Governor, or others having authority to do so; that the recognition of the union by the operators was not a sine qua non for the settlement of the strike, and what the attitude of representatives both of the strikers and operators was in connection therewith; and to generally investigate all matters connected with said strike; that remedial legislation may be enacted at the next General Assembly, which will tend to prevent a recurrence of insurrection and public disorder.

And the said joint committee be and are hereby empowered to sit during and after the adjournment of this session of the legislature; to send for persons and papers, and to require attendance of witnesses upon due notice; and to employ stenographers; and that the Sergeant-at-Arms of the Senate be authorized and directed to serve

all subpoenas and other notices and papers that may be issued or ordered issued by the said committee, and that the said committees shall make full report of its doings during the first week of the next session of the legislature.

Approved: May 16—1914 at 5:35 P. M.

HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 2.

THANKS TO PRESIDENT WILSON.

(By Mr. Philp.)

WHEREAS: The serious conflict between coal mine workers and operators caused the Governor of this State, Elias M. Ammons, to appeal to the Chief Executive of the Nation, President Woodrow Wilson, for assistance to prevent bloodshed, loss of life and loss of property; therefore, be it

RESOLVED: That the Legislative Assembly of the State of Colorado in Special Session convened thanks the President for his prompt and effective response to the appeal of our Governor.

We hereby express the belief that our State will be quickly relieved of the strife and ill-feeling between employer and employe, and be restored to normal and happy conditions.

We hereby express the determination of the people and the officials of our State to restore and maintain order.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED: That a copy of these resolutions be sent to the President.

Approved May—12, 1914 at 4:59 o'clock P. M.

HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 3.

IN FAVOR OF PRESERVING LAW AND ORDER.

(By Mr. Fincher.)

Whereas, The public mind not only in Colorado, but elsewhere throughout the country has been agitated and unsettled, through the publication and circulation of conflicting statements concerning the facts related with the unfortunate industrial strife prevailing in the coal fields of Colorado; and

Whereas, By reason of such conflicting publications and statements, the conditions attending the situation have been intensified and the good name and material interests of the state have greatly suffered; be it

Resolved, That the General Assembly, now in extraordinary session, declares that the people of Colorado, no less than the people of any other state in the Union, recognize that the first and highest duty of the citizen is to respect and render obedience to the law; that there can be no freedom, no justice, under any government where life and property are not safe and secure. That the people of the State of Colorado are firmly resolved to preserve law and order in this state, and protect life and property therein, and to punish those guilty of violation of law without regard to their association, condition or position. That the General Assembly, so convened in extraordinary session, hereby pledges the entire power, and if necessary, the entire resources of the state to the restoration of peace and order, the preservation of the sovereignty of the state and the maintenance of the government under the constitution and laws of the country; be it

Resolved, That this resolution be spread upon the journals of the House and Senate, and that a copy thereof be sent to the President of the United States; and, be it further

Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be forwarded to members of the Colorado delegation in Congress.

Approved May 15—1914 12:16 P. M.

HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 6.

INVESTIGATION OF THE PERSONS CONCERNED IN THE COAL STRIKE OF 1913-14.

(By Mr. Biles.)

WHEREAS, The present industrial strife suggests the inquiry whether among the factors responsible for it are not some which are fundamentally hostile to the very existence of constitutional government in the commonwealth and in the country at large.

BE IT RESOLVED, That the Joint Committee elected by the Senate and the House under the provisions of S. J. R. No. 6 shall constitute a joint committee to ascertain by all proper means:

1. The names of the leaders, high and low, who have been in charge of the coal strike of 1913-1914, their nationality and their former occupations.

2. The names of all those who are or have been participants in said strike, their nationality, present and former occupations, also as to what countries they are and have been subjects or citizens of; how many of them are unable to speak and understand the English language, how many have taken part in insurrections, wars, lawlessness or violence in this country or elsewhere, and what has been their attitude toward the violence committed during said strike and toward the laws, constitutions and governments of the countries and states in which they have resided or sojourned.

3. The corresponding data in reference to those who, on the side opposed to the strikers, were connected with the violence committed during the aforesaid strike.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, That said committee is hereby granted full authority to examine into, investigate and report upon the matters hereinbefore mentioned, with power to subpoena and compel the attendance before it of witnesses without the payment of fees in advance; that the committee report to the present session of the legislature, or, if not in session, report to the Governor and Attorney General.

Approved May 16—1914 at 3 o'clock P. M.

HOUSE RESOLUTION NO. 9.

IN MEMORY OF VERA CRUZ HEROES.

(By Mr. Mitchell.)

WHEREAS those who fell at Vera Cruz in the line of duty have today been brought back to American soil.

BE IT RESOLVED that the House of Representatives, in special session assembled, do now take a recess until the hour of three P. M. as a silent tribute to the memory of those patriotic dead, who, in devotion to the flag of our country, have laid down their lives that the nation's honor might be vindicated and its principles of justice and humanity upheld before the civilized world; their names will be forever enshrined, not only in the history of our country, but in the hearts of all their countrymen.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that these resolutions be spread at large upon the journal of the House and that a copy thereof be forwarded to our senators and representatives in the National Congress.

Approved May 15—1914 12:12 P. M.

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